YOU MAKE THE CALL

Rule 14 Procedures for Ball:

Marking, Lifting and Cleaning; Replacing on Spot; Dropping in Relief Area; Playing From Wrong Place

- 1. A player believes that a found ball is his or her original ball (it isn't). The ball is in a difficult lie so he or she lifts and drops it back-on-the-line according to the unplayable ball Rule. Before playing the ball, he or she discovers that this ball isn't the original ball. The dropped ball is abandoned. Search resumes for the original ball that is found within the three minutes of search and played. There is no penalty.

 True or False?
- 2. In stroke play, a player marks and lifts his or her ball on the putting green and tosses the ball to his or her caddie who failed to catch the ball and the ball came to rest in a penalty area where it could not be recovered. The player substitutes another ball and completes the hole. The player gets the general penalty.

 True or False?
- 3. A player marks his or her ball, lifts the ball and sets it aside. In replacing the ball, he or she rolls the ball back to the original spot with a club and makes a stroke. The player gets one penalty stroke.

 True or False?
- 4. A player drops a ball and it comes to rest on the required spot but the Rules required him or her to place the ball. The ball has been placed in a wrong way and if the player makes a stroke at the ball, he or she gets the general penalty.

True or False?

- 5. In the general area, a player takes free relief from an immovable obstruction. The ball was dropped outside the correct relief area but rolled into the relief area where the ball was played. There is no penalty.

 True or False?
- 6. A player marks his ball on the putting green with his or her shoe, replaces the ball on the spot and makes a stroke. The player gets one penalty stroke.

True or False?

7. When taking relief under any relief Rule, the player may use the original ball or another ball if he or she chooses to do so.

True or False

8. A player who decided that their ball was unplayable under a tree, dropped a ball in a wrong way within two club-lengths of where it lay, not nearer the hole, meaning that they had to drop the ball again. Before doing so they may decide to take a different ball unplayable option.

True or False?

9. A ball dropped in the wrong way, e.g. not in the relief area, does not count as one of the two drops required before a ball must be placed.

True or False?

10. There is no penalty when a player replaces their ball at their ball-marker, but forgets to remove it before making a stroke.

True or False?

- 11. The Rule for carefully rotating a ball at rest on the surface of the ground is the same as picking it up. True or False?
- 12. In taking relief from an immovable obstruction, Player B's first drop hits the tee (within the relief area) used to mark the relief area prior to landing in and coming to rest in the relief area. The ball has been dropped in the right way.

True or False?

- 13. Player C carefully determines the relief area for relief from an immovable obstruction. The ball, when dropped in the right way, rolls forward and comes to rest with a small part of the ball closer to the hole than the reference point used to determine the relief area. The drop counts and the ball is in the relief area. True or False?
- 14. In taking lateral relief from a penalty area, Player D drops a ball in the right way and, as the ball rolls toward an animal hole in the relief area, Player D deliberately deflects the ball. (The ball would have remained in the relief area if not deflected.) After the ball is dropped in the right way two more times and rolled into the penalty area both times, Player D places a ball where the ball had landed on his or her third drop. Player D proceeded correctly in placing the ball after the second drop that counted.

True or False?